

ALTGELD ENDORSED.

The Democratic State Convention Denounces Cleveland and Shouts for Altgeld.

THE CONVENTION LARGELY ATTENDED

A. H. Bell is Temporary Chairman and Makes a Speech—Free Silver and Free Trade the Watchword.

WILL OF JOHN MARSH.

All of the Property Goes to the Widow and Four Sons.

The last will of the late John Marsh, who died in Maroa, was filed for probate in the county court today. It was executed January 20, of the present year, and the witnesses of the signature were John H. Hendricks and T. H. Barr. The estate consists of 800 acres of improved land in Maroa township and personal property valued at \$3,000. All of the personal property and an annuity of \$100 besides life insurance, is given to the widow during her life time, and the farming land is divided among the four sons, William Marsh, John Marsh, Alfred Marsh and Jesse Marsh, who are made executors of the will. William and Jesse Marsh are to receive \$1,400 each from the sale of personal property at the death of the widow, the money thus bequeathed to make equal the interests of the beneficiaries.

DAN HOLLAND IN JAIL.

Stolen Clothing, Socks and Shirts Connected with the Prisoner.

Dan Holland, who was arrested Sunday morning in Central park by Officer Koschinski, is in jail charged with having stolen four suits of clothing from the Clement, Bane & Co. store on Prairie street. The clothing has been identified but as yet the police have had no claimants for the shirts and socks.

Pontiac Militia Camp Out.

Pontiac, Ill., June 23.—The Illinois National Guards, Company F, in order to prepare themselves for the state encampment to be held in Springfield next month, camped at the fair grounds Saturday night and all day Sunday. They did guard duty all night and at sunrise had target practice and then drilled for about an hour and a half, after which breakfast was served. At 10 o'clock Rev. Mr. Mallory, chaplain at the state reformatory, delivered a fine sermon to the young men. They marched back to the armory late last evening very much fatigued.

Funeral of Horace Morgan.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Horace Morgan, an account of whose death is given on another page of this issue, will be held tomorrow afternoon at 1:30 o'clock from the residence in St. John's place. Rev. F. N. Atkin, of the Episcopal church, will have charge of the services and the remains will be taken to Springfield for burial.

Delegates were in the City.

This morning a number of the delegates to the Democratic convention at Peoria passed through the city and took dinner at the Central hotel. Several of the local Democrats met them at the depot.

A Challenge.

The members of the Iroquois Junior base ball club challenge any nine of players under fifteen years for a game on any diamond. Challenge open to the world.

Sales of Real Estate.

Martha E. Sweeney to John E. Hecker, one-ninth interest in tract of land in 29, 16, 3 east, \$860.

Bill of Sale.

Nelson Larson, of Argenta, has made a bill of sale to 90 acres of growing wheat to Costello & Crocker for \$72.

Gregory pitched a great game for the Peoria club against the Dubuques Sunday. It was 8 to 0 for Peoria, only two hits being made off Gregory's delivery.

Commander Cochran arrived in the city today from Sullivan. He will speak at the Tabernacle tonight at the McKinley ratification meeting.

The city council of Lincoln has decided to erect a neat band stand in the park and other improvements will follow.

Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Baking Powder

TELE PURE

PALMER ON THE SITUATION.

Adoption of a Free Coinage Platform Means Early Defeat.

Springfield, Ill., June 23.—Senator Palmer, in response to an inquiry from a New York paper as to who, in his judgment, is the first choice of Illinois Democrats for president, and whether the delegates to the national convention would favor free silver coinage at 16 to 1, yesterday said:

"If you mean to inquire who the convention which will meet at Peoria tomorrow will favor for the presidency, you will have to wait until the convention adjourns to find an answer. Governor Altgeld and Mr. Hinckley will control that convention, and the convention will register their will, whatever it is. I may say however, that if the national convention should nominate Col. Morrison, he would be satisfactory to the Democracy of the state, for he is their first choice.

"If you mean will the Democrats of Illinois support the free coinage of silver with full legal tender quality for all debts, public and private, on the ratio of 16 of silver to 1 of gold, I answer, no. Nor can the Democrats carry the state on that issue, for there are more than 100,000 Democrats in Illinois who will not submit to be transferred like chattels to the support of silver monometallism. What the Chicago convention will resolve on that subject, or whom it will nominate for the presidency, no man can predict. If the convention nominates a candidate for the presidency pledged to the support of the unlimited coinage of legal tender silver for all debts, public and private, on the ratio of 16 to 1, it will inaugurate a business and social revolution more serious and far-reaching than anything known in our past history, and if successful will produce confusion and embarrassment to an extent that no one can foretell. What the Democrats of Illinois will do to resist this revolution I do not know, but we will not submit to it."

WISCONSIN DEMOCRATS.

State Convention in Session in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 23.—The Democratic state convention was called to order by ex-Governor George W. Peck, chairman of the state central committee. Thomas F. Frawley, of Eau Claire, was made temporary chairman. He delivered a strong gold standard speech, declaring that sound money has been a tenant of Democracy for a century.

At the conclusion of Frawley's speech the committee was appointed. A fight between the gold and silver factions ensued over the motion that all resolutions be referred to the committee without recording. The silver men opposed the motion but were out-voted and the convention took a recess till 2:30.

Gen. Wilson Killed.

Kingston, Jamaica, June 23.—Advices brought here by messengers from the Island of Cuba report the death of General W. W. Wilson, the leader of an American expedition which landed in Cuba on December 8, in order to assist the insurgents. General Wilson is said to have been killed in battle near Guanatanamo. General Wilson, with about eighteen men, four of whom were graduates of West Point, landed in Cuba early in December last with 200 rifles, 6,000 rounds of ammunition, a supply of dynamite, etc. The expedition was fitted out at New York by Americans who are interested in Cuba. General Wilson had seen service in Central and South America and was with Garza on the Mexican border several years ago.

Yale Garsmen on the Thames.

Henley-on-Thames, June 23.—(Copyright by Associated Press.)—The weather this morning is cloudy. The Yale oarsmen spent all the morning in pair-oared work on the upper part of the river. Their coach, Eph Cook, says the crew is steadily improving. All the men are in good condition working just enough to make them hearty. Indications now are there will be no use of substitutes. Cook is determined to make the crew get a harder and quicker catch on the water. The Americans are becoming more confident daily that Yale will win. Yale is much admired for their gentlemanly behavior.

Weather This Afternoon and Wednesday.

Chicago, June 23.—Illinois: Unsettled weather, probably local showers tonight and Wednesday; increasing southwest winds.

Iowa: Local showers tonight and Wednesday; partly cloudy with showers east; southerly winds.

South Dakota: Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday; possibly showers; extreme east tonight; south to west winds.

Women on Trial for Murder.

Danville, Ill., June 23.—Mattie Cavanaugh and her daughter, Jennie Dunlop, aged 18, are being tried for the murder of August Kluge, which took place in this place last winter. Their alleged accomplices, John Schroll and James Johnson, colored, have pleaded guilty. William Cavanaugh, the husband of Mattie, is standing trial with the two women.

AT SARATOGA.

The New York Democrats Gathering for the Convention To-Morrow.

GREAT "I AM A DEMOCRAT" ARRIVES.

The Convention Said to Be in Favor of Sound Money—Hill, Flower, Coudert and Murphy Slated as Delegates.

Saratoga, N. Y., June 23.—The delegates to the Democratic state convention which meets here tomorrow are arriving by every train. Senator Hill, ex-Secretary Whitney, and Chairman Hinckley are already here. The form which the convention's declaration on currency shall take is the foremost topic but is as yet undecided. Senator Hill is alleged to favor the unqualified gold standard plank. Judging by surface indications the straddlers are in a hopeless minority. The delegates-at-large, to the Chicago convention, will probably be Hill, Flower, F. R. Coudert and Senator Murphy.

QUAY'S LETTER.

Congratulates McKinley Upon His Popular Nomination—Big Meeting at Canton, O.

Canton, Ohio, June 23.—Among the thousands of letters in McKinley's mail this morning was one from Senator Quay. He says: "I congratulate you on the splendid vote of confidence you received in the convention which represents absolutely the best thought of the Republican party and the nation."

While the question of the location of the national headquarters has been under consideration and Cleveland made a strong effort to secure them it is the impression here that the campaign will be directed from New York as usual. Great preparations are being made for a big meeting here Saturday night. An immense delegation from Columbus is expected here some day next week.

THE TEXAS SPLIT.

Both Wings of the Democratic Party in Session To-Day.

Austin, Texas, June 23.—Both wings of the Texas Democrats met in separate session at noon, but outside of perfecting temporary organization and appointment of various committees nothing was done. Adjournment was had until afternoon.

Last night both factions canvassed. The silver men decided to send eight delegates to Chicago. The draft of the platform to be presented declares unequivocally for free silver at 16 to 1 and against a protective tariff. The gold men last night agreed it would be best to send a delegation to Chicago to contest seats. They will probably do so. Bland did not arrive this morning as expected, but probably will come this afternoon.

Forewarned of His Death.

Alton, Ill., June 23.—A circumstance which occurred the day previous to the morning John Fabrig was found dead in the supernatural. On Saturday afternoon Fabrig, who was indisposed, remained at home. His brother, Bernard, and ex-Sheriff Volbach drove to his home to make a call. Their horse was tied in front of the house, which is close to the street. While the three were conversing in the house a commotion was heard outside and Fabrig and Mr. Volbach ran to the door, thinking the horse had run away and caused the noise by contact with some fence or post. The horse was found just as it had been left, however. John immediately spoke up and said the noise was a warning of his death, and that the same thing had occurred before his sister died. His prophecy proved true, for the next morning he was found dead in bed. Another peculiar circumstance is the fact that the day he was found dead was his 46th birthday anniversary.

Murdered His Son.

Danville, Ill., June 23.—A murder occurred yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Romine, ten miles north of Danville. George Price shot his son, Thomas Price, with a shotgun. He was arrested last evening and lodged in the Vermilion county jail. Reports from the neighborhood indicate a lynching party, but there it is not believed that it will materialize. The murderer claims that his son, who was a hard drinker, had for several years threatened the old man's life.

Salt Lake Bank Fails.

Salt Lake, Utah, June 23.—The private bank of Salt Lake, J. H. Bacon, principal owner, went into the hands of an assignee this morning. Liabilities are a quarter of a million. It is said that creditors will be paid in full.

CONSUL GENERAL LEE'S REPORT

It May Come from Cuba by Messenger—Julio Sangulilly's Case.

Washington, June 23.—A day or two at least must elapse before the report which Consul General Lee is said to have forwarded Saturday can reach the department of state. It is not clear whether the report will come by mail or whether General Lee will avail himself of the services of Internal Revenue Collector Ryan as a messenger, as has been intimated might be the case. Aside from some brief cablegrams announcing his arrival and the receipt of instructions, nothing has yet been heard officially from the new consul general, so that a report from him in the ordinary course of the consular routine is due. While it is true that consular officers under their general instructions are expected to report to the state department any events that might be of interest to this government, it can not be learned that General Lee was under the policy to be pursued toward Cuba. For such information respecting the military situation as he could have gathered while pent up in Havana and at a distance from the fighting line the state department would be grateful, and it would carry weight in view of the military experience of the consul general.

A written request was filed with the state department today that the good offices of the United States be exerted with Spain toward securing the transfer of Julio Sangulilly from Havana to Madrid, there to be released on bail or parole until final action is taken on appeal in his case. The appeal was signed by Miguel Sangulilly, brother of the prisoner, and Dr. Jose Rodriguez, who has been co-operating with the Havana counsel for the prisoner.

Sangulilly was convicted last December and has since been in prison pending the appeal of his case to the court of last resort at Madrid. It was through the active efforts of the authorities here, supplemented by the then Consul General Williams, that he was given a civil trial, on the charge of rebellion. He was convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for life. On another charge of complicity with the insurgents in a kidnapping, he was acquitted. His American citizenship figured largely in the proceedings, but it was not decisive in securing his release. The present move by his relatives and advisors is based on several precedents of leniency shown while a case came before the appellate court at Madrid.

The precedents are recited in the application submitted to the state department. It is pointed out also that it would be of advantage to have the prisoner before the court when his case is heard, for, under the Spanish procedure, the court reviews not only the law, but the facts in the case. Owing to the many favorable circumstances in Sangulilly's case, it is believed that the department will be disposed to request, in a conciliatory and friendly spirit, that this leniency be shown the prisoner.

Tortured and Robbed.

Sheilville, Ind., June 23.—Milton Rolley, an aged pensioner, came to this city yesterday from his home, seven miles north of here, and drew \$600 from a bank, with which he had paid off the balance due on his home. About dusk Rolley started for home. Soon after arriving home two men drove up to his residence, called the old man out and requested him to go at once to the bedside of his daughter, who, they said, had been taken suddenly sick and was dying.

Rolley hurried to the barn for his rig, leaving his wife preparing to go with him. On opening his barn door he was knocked down with a club. Staggering to his feet, he tried to resist his assailants, but was again attacked from the rear by the second man. His skull was crushed and four ribs broken. When he was unconscious the ruffians went through his pockets without finding the booty. They returned to his house and demanded that Mrs. Rolley inform them where the money was. She refused to do so, and, after beating her in vain, they held her over a natural gas blaze until she could not endure the torture longer. Blackened and blistered and covered with bruises, she was compelled to reveal the hiding place of the money. The \$670 remaining was found under the parlor carpet. Rolley will die, and there is little chance of his wife's recovery. The robbers drove rapidly from Rolley's home toward this city.

Reported Railroad Catastrophe.

Spokane, Wash., June 23.—It is reported that the west bound train on the Great Northern struck a slide above Kootenai Falls, Idaho, and twelve cars were carried into the river. Some floated and in one of the latter were twelve tramps, one managed to reach the top of the car and cried for help. No assistance could be rendered and the car swept over the falls. The report lacks confirmation.

Declines to Say What England Will Do. London, June 23.—Colonial Secretary Chamberlain declines to forecast the government's action in regard to the arrest of Harrison, the crown surveyor of British Guiana, by Venezuelan troops.

VENEZUELA AGAIN.

Negotiations Between Great Britain and Venezuela Progressing Slowly.

BOTH SIDES ENGAGED IN FENCING.

The Arrest of Harrison, the Crown's Surveyor in British Guiana, by Venezuelans, Said to be Justifiable.

Washington, June 23.—Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador, and Minister Andrade, of Venezuela, have been negotiating for the settlement of the Uruan affair and incidentally toward opening negotiations of the boundary question. There have been delays due to months or more of time required for the transmission of mail to Caracas and return; so thus far negotiations are still in the introductory stage. There appears to be considerable diplomatic fencing, each side desiring the other to submit a definite proposition. The arrest of Harrison, the chief of the British surveying party of the British-Venezuelan boundary, is not officially known here by the representatives of those countries. It appears to be conceded, however, that Harrison is in the wrong if dispatches are correct which stated that he went on the west side of the Cuyuni river. Colonial Secretary Chamberlain laid down Cuyuni as part of the provisional boundary pending settlement. It is believed therefore that Great Britain will not sustain Harrison.

HANNA AND TANNER.

The Result of an Altercation Over Jamieson for National Committee.

St. Louis, June 23.—For some time to come, good stories will be unearthed that happened during the Republican national convention which were crowded out on account of other matters at hand. One of these is related by a responsible correspondent for a Chicago Republican paper who heard the entire story, and here is the way he tells it to his personal friends here:

"During the time that the fight on 'Doc' Jamieson for national committee from Illinois, was the hottest, John R. Tanner, the Republican nominee for governor, went to Mark Hanna's private room with blood in his eye, and demanded that Hanna keep his hands off Illinois affairs. Mr. Tanner plainly told Mr. Hanna that he was running Illinois, and didn't want any of his help. Jamieson said and must be named as national committeeman or McKinley will be in great danger of losing the state. Mr. Hanna remained cool and pleasant during Mr. Tanner's tirade, and when he made the awful threat of knifing McKinley if Jamieson was slaughtered, the McKinley manager straightened up, looked Tanner squarely in the face, and told Tanner that his covert threat would be remembered; that he well knew the records of both Tanner and Jamieson for handling funds, Jamieson would be named as the committeeman and two good eyes would afterwards be kept on both men. This seemed to satisfy Tanner and he left Hanna's presence and told the gang how he had brought Hanna to terms. This is the story, boys, and it has never been printed."

Property Exempt from Taxation.

In the revised statutes for the state of Illinois for the year 1895, chapter 120, Revenue, Section two, is given a list of all property exempt from taxation.

First—All lands donated by the United States for school purposes, not sold or leased. All public schools houses. All property of institutions of learning, including the real estate on which the buildings are located, not leased by such institutions or otherwise used with a view to profit.

Second—All church property actually and exclusively used for public worship, when the land (to be of reasonable size for the location of the church building) is owned by the congregation.

Third—All lands used exclusively as grave yards or grounds for burying the dead.

Sixth—All property belonging to any county, town, village or city, used exclusively for the maintenance of the poor.

Tenth—All property which may be used exclusively by societies for agricultural, horticultural, mechanical and philosophical purposes and not for pecuniary profit.

A lodge of the Court of Honor has been organized at Mason City.

Winner of the Suburban, New York, June 23.—Henry of Navarro won the Suburban by a length. Commo-mor second by a length, Clifford third. Time, 2:07.

FUNERAL OF HORACE MORGAN.

It was Held This Afternoon and the Remains were Taken to Springfield on a Special Train for Burial.

The funeral of the late Horace A. Morgan was held this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock at the residence on North Water street and was largely attended. The services were conducted by Rev. Frank N. Atkin, rector of St. John's Episcopal church. A history of the life of the deceased was read by Will Southwick, of Springfield. A choir composed of Frank Bunn, R. W. Chilson, C. N. Brown and C. W. Montgomery, rendered the music. The selections given were "Lead Kindly Light," "Safe in the Arms of Jesus," and "Abide With Me." The division No. 74, O. R. C., of which the deceased was a member, was represented at the funeral. The floral offerings were numerous. Among them were several elaborate designs and many cut flowers.

After the services at the house the remains were taken to Springfield where the burial took place at Oakridge cemetery. A special train left the city at 3 o'clock for Springfield, transporting about 100 persons including the members of the family and intimate friends. The engineer who took the train to Springfield was John Swigart, a man who has been associated with Mr. Morgan for years in the railroad business.

The pall bearers were Trainmaster H. W. Ballou, of Forest, Conductor C. W. Parker, of Springfield, George W. Jenkins, Captain M. F. Kanan, D. A. Maffitt, J. S. Campbell, Conductor J. H. Sears, and Engineer John Swigart. Members of the old volunteer fire department of Springfield met the remains at the depot. The deceased was one of the charter members of the organization.

Among those who were here from other places to attend the funeral were Mr. and Mrs. Arthur B. Case, of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Taylor, of Lexington, Mo.; F. W. Anderson, of Chicago; C. L. Corns, of Forest, and Will Southwick, of Springfield.

GRAIN DEALERS IN TOWN.

Annual Meeting of the State Association—Officers Elected—Banquet.

The annual meeting of the Grain Dealers' association of the state of Illinois was held in this city today at the K. of P. hall. The first session was held this forenoon with the president, John Crocker, of Maroa, in the chair. The meeting was well attended by members of the association from all parts of the state. No business of importance was transacted this morning. The minutes of the last meeting were read and that took up part of the time. An adjournment was taken until afternoon.

This afternoon several new members were admitted and the annual election of officers occurred. The following officers were all re-elected to serve for the year: President—John Crocker, Maroa.

Vice President—E. R. Ullrich, Springfield.

Treasurer—F. M. Pratt, Decatur.

Secretary—B. S. Tyler, Decatur.

Board of Directors—John Crocker, Maroa; Harry Knight, Monticello; B. S. Tyler, Decatur; W. H. Saffron, Decatur; E. R. Ullrich, Springfield; J. L. Montgomery, Macon; W. B. Newbelgn, Blue Mound.

The Banquet To-Night.

This evening the members of the association will give a banquet in the rooms adjoining the place where the business sessions were held. The banquet will be served under the direction of the ladies of St. John's Episcopal church and is to be a handsome affair. The committee who had the arrangements in charge was composed of B. Z. Taylor, Newt Davis and Will Shellabarger. All of the members will be present with their wives and lady friends. At the close of the dinner an address of welcome will be given by J. A. Montgomery, of Macon. J. L. Clark will give a toast on "What Will the Harvest Be," and Mr. Curtis, of Chicago, and W. B. Hershberger will also respond to toasts.

THE PROHIBITIONISTS.

They Name a Ticket and Endorse the State Ticket.

The Macon county Prohibition convention was held at the W. C. T. U. rooms this afternoon. W. T. Beadles presided and Prof. Davidson acted as clerk. The following ticket was named by the convention:

States Attorney—W. C. Outton. Circuit Clerk—George S. Connard. Surveyor—J. H. Connard. Coroner—W. T. Beadles.

The convention also endorsed the Illinois state Prohibition platform.

Among the graduates from St. Viator's college Kankakee this year are: John S. Carney, Lincoln; J. Armstrong, Savoy, Ill. W. Dogin, Clinton, Ill.; E. J. Coody, Clinton, Ill.

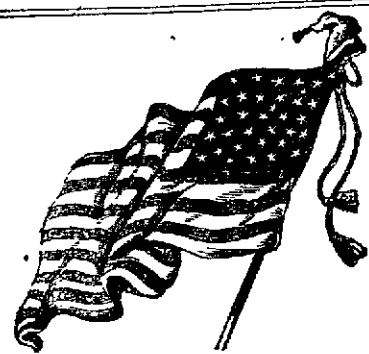
Daily Republican

B. K. HAMSHER, W. F. CALHOUN,
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DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

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June 15, 1895.

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TUESDAY, JUNE 23, 1896.



NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President,
WILLIAM MCKINLEY, Ohio

For Vice-President,
GARRETT A. HOBART, New Jersey

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

Governor, John R. Tanner
Lieutenant Governor, W. A. Northcott
Secretary of State, J. A. Rose
Auditor, J. R. McCullough
Treasurer, Henry L. Horiz
Attorney General, E. C. Aiken
University Trustees—F. M. McKay, Chicago.
T. J. Smith, Champaign; Mrs. Mary Turner, Jacksonville.

Clerks.
Clerk of the Northern Grand Division, Chris Mamer
Clerk of the Central Grand Division, A. A. Cadwallader
Clerk of the Southern Grand Division, R. E. Mabry
Clerk of the Second Judicial District, C. C. Duffy
Clerk of the Third Judicial District, W. C. Hibbard
Clerk of the Fourth Judicial District, M. Emerson

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

17th District.
For Congress, JAMES A. CONNOLLY
For Member State of Board Equalization,
THOMAS N. LEAVITT
For Elector, H. N. SCHUYLER

REPRESENTATIVES.

W. G. Cochran, Moultrie County
James E. Sharrock, Christian County

COUNTY TICKET.

For State Attorney, Isaac B. Mills
For Circuit Clerk, David L. Foster
For Coroner, Jesse E. Bendure
For Surveyor, George V. Loring

The demand for an utterance from McKimley has suddenly disappeared. The utterance of the people in November is now the important matter.

When the Republican convention declared in favor of the present gold standard it simply endorsed the standard that has been in operation since the formation of the government and means that every dollar in circulation will be kept at a parity with that standard, the standard of the best commercial nations of the world.

The Ratification Meeting.

The ratification meeting last night at the tabernacle clearly shows that the party is in line for the campaign and it demonstrated also that the enthusiasm for McKimley will be paramount in the campaign and that all other nominees on the ticket will follow in the wake of McKimley. This is not unusual. It has been so before or less extent in all presidential campaigns because national issues are of greater importance to the people than local interests. There might be some controversy as to the correctness of this condition but it is true nevertheless in all parties and this year it is intensified greatly by the popularity of McKimley. There has been talk of efforts to subordinate McKimley's interests in this state to the interest of the state ticket. If this be true it had better be abandoned at once for the good of all concerned as any attempt to do so will create a feeling in the party that will not be healthy. The people are for McKimley and they will be swift to regard any interference with the affairs of his candidacy, after what has passed in the preliminary canvass, a fit thing to oppose. This is important and the quicker it is accepted by all Republicans the better it will be for the presidential and the state ticket.

The original Tanner boomers have no right to try to push those aside who contributed to securing the state for McKimley against all opposition and these in turn should not seek to take away any credit the original Tanner people are entitled to in securing his nomination. The campaign is on. The fight is with the common enemy. There is work for every Republican to do and there is plenty of room for everybody without attempting to elbow anybody out of the way. Let there be organization all along the line. The more people that can be interested the greater the majority will be. Therefore, the McKimley clubs, the Tanner clubs and all other Republican clubs should be made, to boom and the person who interferes directly or indirectly should be relegated to the rear among the supporters where he belongs. Marching clubs should be formed by all these organizations. Millions of young men are ready to make this campaign boom and they should be given a fair show. Let them be organized at once in Decatur and be drilled so that they will be ready when the campaign opens.

The "Crime" of 1873 Explained

The Chicago Tribune.

Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser: Every man who knows anything about the financial question knows that in 1873, when silver was demonetized, it was at a premium of more than 2 per cent. And in the light of such a fact how can any fair man call the act of 1873 a crime? Any fair man could the stoppage of coinage of silver make to any producer or holder of it when it was worth more as bullion than a coin?

(From the passage of the mint act of 1894 under President Silver dollars were at a premium of 2 to 3 per cent over gold, and therefore refused to circulate in this country for almost forty years. How was it a "crime" to quit coining such dollars?)

Right there lies all the secret of the hullabaloo about the so-called "crime of '73." It was not until after silver began to decline rapidly, because of its tremendous production, that the mine-owners found any ground to complain. And now that the white metal has declined 50 per cent their complaint has swelled into a howl. They want free coinage and want it bad, in order to enable them to turn 50 cents' worth of it into a coin that will pass for one dollar as long as Uncle Sam is able to make it as good as gold. But when Uncle Sam piled 400,000,000 of the coins on his back the world saw that he couldn't stand any more of the load and hence the scare of 1893-94.

Whenever silver advances in the markets of the world to its value in '73 it may be safe to continue coining it at 16 to 1, but until then an intelligent, prudent, honest people will not authorize it.

Paid His Men in Mexican Dollars.

A southern manufacturer, to, to teach his men an object lesson on the free silver question, paid them their week's wages in Mexican silver dollars. The man whose wages amounted to \$10 was paid \$30 (Mexican dollars.) The amount looked large to the men and seemed to show the advantage of free silver, but when they came to exchange the Mexican dollars for the necessities of life they found they would buy only 50 cents' worth of goods while the American silver dollar bought 100 cents' worth of goods. This caused them to think and investigate and the result was that they discovered a great fact.

They discovered the Mexican dollar was a free coinage dollar which had to stand on its intrinsic worth, like gold. It was worth only what the bullion in it was worth on the market—54 cents—while the American silver dollar being worth intrinsically but 54 cents it was not a free coinage dollar but on the contrary redemption was guaranteed by the United States government and hence bought 100 cents' worth of goods. This, to those workmen, demonstrated that the free coinage of silver in this country would reduce the purchasing power of the American dollar to the same as that of the Mexican silver dollar. No American workman could stand that sort of thing unless he could be guaranteed that his wages would be doubled which no sane man could for one moment believe would follow the free coinage of silver dollars in the United States.

Foraker's Answer to Teller.

In view of Senator-elect Foraker's relation to the making of the platform at St. Louis and his relations with Senator Teller four years ago in a similar capacity his utterance on the subject of gold and silver Saturday night in his ratification speech becomes of peculiar interest. He said:

I want to take advantage of this opportunity to say a word about the effort now being made to make it appear that the Republican party declared in its money plank for something new at St. Louis. That is not true. The declaration of the Republican party as embodied in its money plank at St. Louis defines exactly what has been the position of the Republican party through all these years with respect to this silver question. It was demonstrated in 1873 and over since that we have been on a single gold standard basis. About the same time several of the leading nations of Europe demonetized silver and ever since that time an effort has been made to get back to the double standard. We have seen this in each of the three international money conferences, the object of them being to agree upon an international ratio according to which we could have the free coinage of silver. But all these efforts have failed. It has been constantly and repeatedly declared by both parties that bimetallism was desirable in preference to gold or silver monometallism. Both parties have agreed that we could maintain the parity of the two metals and bring about bimetallism again by an international agreement. Some have insisted in the meanwhile that if we could not do it that way we could do it alone, without regard to what other nations might see fit to do. The Republican party has constantly, consistently and persistently stood up against that idea.

Four years ago, when we held the convention at Minneapolis, it was my fortune to be the chairman of the committee on resolutions, as I was at the St. Louis convention, and it was my fortune to be associated in that committee with Senator Teller. He and his associates from the silver states came to that convention and came before that committee and urged a resolution pledging the Republican party to the free coinage of silver. They refused to do it. We declared that we were in favor of international bimetallism, but that until that was brought about it would be our policy to maintain silver at a parity with gold by issuing no more of it than could be maintained at a parity with gold.

It can be maintained at a parity with gold.

They accepted the result and remained in the Republican party. That declaration was simply a declaration, as was the one adopted the other day, that we would stand precisely where we were until we could do better. We were agreed that we could safely undertake to have bimetallism by international agreement; we were unwilling and refused to attempt it by free and independent coinage.

They did not feel called upon to go out of the party then, their conscience did not seem to trouble them so much then as it does now. They remained in the party four years longer. When the session last of congress commenced, as a result of this Democratic free trade experiment the government was found to have deficient revenues, not enough revenues to meet its current expenses. A bill was prepared in the house and passed that body without partisan division, almost, providing for an increase of revenue. That bill was known as the Dingley bill. It went to the senate. The national credit, the national honor, the national life were at stake. These gentlemen said the bill was unobjectionable, but they refused to vote for it (that is, six of these gentlemen from the silver states did) unless the great majority, who did not agree with them, would sacrifice their convictions and vote for the free, unlimited and unrestricted coinage of silver. The great majority in the senate would not be coerced by that minority.

That action upon the part of these people directed the attention of the country to that subject as it had not been directed before. Therefore when we met at St. Louis, we were not for a different stand to be taken by the Republican party, but for more explicit declarations of our principles than we had heretofore made, and, inasmuch as they had thrown down the gauge of battle by demanding free silver and seeking to force us to accept, we concluded that was a good time to meet them half way, join issue and let the battle come on. They appeared before the committee and were four years ago. They made the same demand; we made the same answer, but when we came to write the platform, we said we would make it so plain all would understand, and so we declared that we were unalterably opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver until we can have an international agreement and in the meantime we will preserve the existing gold standard.

When Senator Teller and his associates bolted the party at the St. Louis convention, they had no cause for it whatever that did not exist four years before, at the Minneapolis convention, and when the Republican party made the declaration it did make at St. Louis it did not change its position one particle, but simply made it absolutely certain, in order that there could be a settlement of that question, that the proposition for free, independent and unlimited coinage of silver was a proposition that we will not entertain. We will not entertain it because, in our judgment, it does not, as Senator Teller and his associates claim, mean bimetallism, but simply silver monometallism.

We go into the fight therefore with our gallant standard bearer, representing to the people of America protection to American industries and American labor and an absolutely sound dollar with which to do our business. An absolutely sound dollar, not simply for the banker and the merchant, but for the wage-earner as well. When a man does a full day's work he is entitled to have full 100 cents on the dollar with which he shall have it. We propose that the dollar that we put into circulation—the metallic dollar—shall be worth 100 cents in gold all over the world, no matter whether it carries the eagle and superscriptions or not. Take a silver dollar and pound it into bullion, and it is worth 54 cents; take a gold dollar and pound it into bullion and it is worth 100 cents all over the world. Nobody is cheated by it; no distrust is excited, everybody has confidence in it; and when Governor McKimley shall have been elected prosperity will at once come again, because that will insure a sound tariff reciprocity and a sound currency.

Strength of the Wind.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat:—A constructing engineer, writing of the St. Louis tornado, says that the reported wind velocity of 120 miles per hour signifies a pressure of ninety-nine pounds to the square inch and a lifting power of fifty pounds per square foot, and that such a wind is sufficient to destroy brick walls thirteen inches thick, no matter how well constructed. He points out also that flying debris, telegraph poles and tin roofs act as agents of destruction in a tornado, like so many battering rams. This suggests that towns with wires underground and with eaveless roofs stand a better chance in a storm of that kind than towns in which there are many poles, poor and loose eaves.

The Big Four paid out \$11,000 in salaries at Chicago on the last pay day, and it was one of the dullest months of the year. In view of the improvements that are to be made, it is estimated that at least 500 men will be employed, which will place in circulation there each month, figuring at \$20 a man, about \$30,000.

A tramp printer died very suddenly near Hopkinton as it is believed from hydrophobia. He said he had been bitten by something three weeks ago while sleeping out. He gave the name of Jackson and said he was from Delaware. He was aged about 50.

In Spring Lake township, Tazewell county, can be witnessed an unusual phenomenon. On adjoining farms one man will be planting corn and the other harvesting. This is the result of the wet season.

Among the graduates from St. Vancour's college, Kansas, this year are John S. Cheney, Lincoln; T. Armstrong, Savoy; H. W. Dugan, Clinton, Ill.; E. J. Coady, Clinton, Ill.

The annual Livingston county teachers' institute will be held in Pontiac, beginning Monday, July 27.

Manticello is to have a new combination town hall, library and opera house.

A movement is on foot to establish a Y. M. C. A. association at Pontiac.

A judge of the Court of Honor has been organized at Mason City.

The Deer Creek bank is being re-established throughout.

GERMS KILLED BY X RAYS.

Bacilli of Diphtheria Succumb to Roentgen's Celebrated Discovery.

The experiments that have been going on at the state university electrical laboratory at Columbia, Mo., testing the effect of the Roentgen rays upon diphtheria bacilli all confirm the theory that the germs may be destroyed by the rays. The last experiment was made with live guinea pigs, probably the first experiment of the kind upon a living animal ever made in this country. Two guinea pigs were inoculated with a culture of diphtheria. One of the pigs was exposed to the Roentgen rays for four hours. After seventy-two hours this pig showed no signs of diphtheria and is just as lively as before, whereas the pig exposed to the rays died within twenty-eight hours after the injection, and the post-mortem showed his death was due to the injection of diphtheria bacilli.

Pawnbrokerage Pays Well.

The pawnbroker institution established in New York a year or more ago by philanthropic people, organized as the Provident Loan society, has so far proved a success. It lent over \$600,000 last year on 35,038 pledges, of which 22,789 were redeemed. The rate of interest charged was one per cent a month, which is far below the usual charges in such business, and the institution not only paid all expenses, but yielded nearly seven per cent, net to the men who advanced the capital. Encouraged by these results the society will extend the operations of the bank so as to reach a larger number of the deserving poor.

New Hampshire Manufactures.

New Hampshire has 63,361 mill and factory hands, whose labor produces every year \$5,770,540 worth of manufactured goods.

Wm. Alberton, of Pekin, was overcome by the heat while at the St. Louis convention and fainted.

By agreement, at Urbana, the flag incident cases were set for hearing Friday, June 26.



"For years I had suffered from falling of the womb, inflammation of the stomach, and weakness of the female organs. I used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and found a perfect cure in it for these troubles." Mrs. JAZZIE DeClerk, 224 Grand Street, Jersey City, New Jersey.

ALL ABOARD!

For the Great Cheap Sale of

Dry Goods and Millinery.

More and better merchandise for your dollar than can be found elsewhere. We make a direct cut not only on Wash Goods, but on all Silks, Mohairs, Brilliantines, Serges, Coatings, Hatteries, Silk and Wool Suitings. Also all White Goods, Dimities, Cords, India Linens, &c. Call and look at the offerings. You will be astonished and pleased at the values. We carry a fine line of Accordeon Plaids and Brilliantine Dress Skirts; also 7 and 9 gored Skirts at popular prices. Shirt Waists and Calico Wrappers at cost.

S. G. HATCH & BRO.,

151 EAST MAIN ST.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Robert Carline, Deceased.
The undersigned having been appointed administrator of the estate of Robert Carline, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the August term, on the first Monday in August next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.
Dated this 10th day of June, 1896.
R. H. WILKIN, Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Richard A. Newell, Deceased.
The undersigned having been appointed executor of the estate of Richard A. Newell, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the August term, on the first Monday in August next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.
Dated this 31st day of June, 1896.
WILLIAM B. NEWELL, Executor.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.

Estate of William T. McConnell, Deceased.
The undersigned having been appointed executrix of the estate of William T. McConnell, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the August term, on the first Monday in August next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.
Dated this 17th day of June, 1896.
MARY J. McCONNELL, Executrix.

Illinois Central Excursions.

On June 9 and 23 to all points south of Cairo, Ill., to St. Louis, New Orleans and Memphis, and other lines southeast and southward, and to points in Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas and Louisiana, at low fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip. For further information call on or address T. Penwell, 110 Library Block or W. L. Smith, Union Street, to June 23.

Why We Used the Ax.

How did we know last Winter that we would have no Spring? If we knew—well we didn't, so the Spring Suits are yours for what we paid for them and less. Better than keeping them, we think; don't you. You're lucky, that's all. You save \$2.50 to \$8.00 on each suit, and WE PROMISE THAT OUR FIRST, THE ORIGINAL PRICE, WAS LOWER THAN THE SAME GOODS COULD HAVE BEEN BOUGHT FOR ELSEWHERE.

\$12.50 FOR CHOICE OF ANY SUIT IN THE HOUSE. Pick of Finest Imported Goods—\$20, \$18 and \$15 Suits. HOW CAN YOU MISS IT?

\$4.75 Suits that sold to \$7.00. | \$7.50 Suits that sold to \$10. | \$10 Suits that sold to \$12.50.

I. MAIENTHAL & SONS'

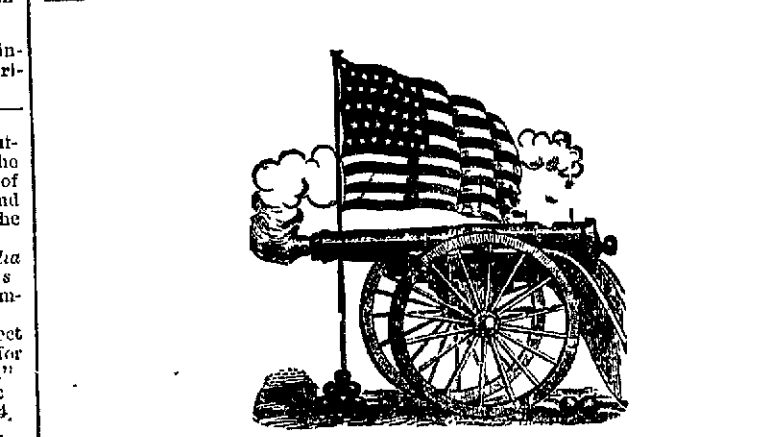
New Clothing Store

222 NORTH MAIN ST.,

Between Prairie and William.

Positively No Watch Given Away During this Sale.

Fireworks



BICYCLE SUNDRIES

And REPAIRS.

A Line of Good Second-Hand Bicycles.

Wheels to Rent—

—AND—

GIVE AWAY.

J. F. FARIES,

447 North Water Street.

MODJESKA PLAYING IN MEASURE FOR MEASURE

wasn't playing such an important part in life as the tailor whose reputation depends upon taking your measure perfectly and fitting your clothing perfectly to that measure. This is what Ehrman does in such an exact manner that your clothing fits like a new skin, with only variations to make it accord with the very latest style. To keep in the swim you must keep in with Ehrman. One of their suits is a passport into swell society.

Ehrman & Co.,

Leading Merchant Tailors.

J. B. Bullard,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

SYNDICATE BLOCK, NORTH MAIN ST.

Where everything pertaining to the funeral business is transacted and attended to in the latest style of art. Calls day or night will receive prompt attention. In connection a receiving vault. Residence 232 West William street. Residence Telephone 128. Office, 125.

Bachman Bro.

Summer Boys

Our stock of Wash Suits for boys, 3 to 8, ARE VERY LOW, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, 1.50. Dark effects.

Boys' Light Weight Junior Suits, Jacket Suits, ages 2 1/2 to 1.50, 1.75, 2.00 and up.

The Cheapest, Best and most array of these suits ever been by us.

BOYS' REEFER SUITS, ages 10 and up, with large Sailor Collars, Double Breasted, at \$2.00 and upward.

Boys' 2.50 value from Boys' age Boys' New

Boys' to 1 All w at f

Headquarters For All Kinds

THE BEST VALUES,

Ottenheim

The Progressive Clothier

Telephone 182.

We Are Showing

A BEAUTIFUL

Wed

Pres

IN RICH CUT GLASS

Ask to See the E

W. R. Abbott

JEWELRY

North Water

BEST ON

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

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CHOICE OF ANY SUIT IN HOUSE. Pick of Finest Im-oods—\$20, \$18 and \$15 Suits. OU MISS IT? \$7.50 Suits that sold to \$10. sold to \$12.50.

AL & SONS'

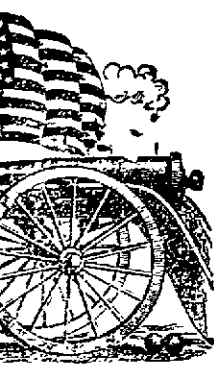
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MAIN ST.,

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SUNDRIES
REPAIRS.

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Hand Bicycles.

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AND
AWAY.

ARIES,

Water Street.

MODJESKA PLAYING IN
MEASURE FOR MEASURE

wasn't playing such an important part in life as the tailor whose reputation depends upon taking your measure perfectly and fitting your clothing perfectly to that measure. This is what Ehrmans do in such an exact manner that your clothing fits like a new skin, with only variations to make it accord with the very latest style. To keep in the swim you must keep in with Ehrmans. One of their suits is a passport into swell society.

n & Co.,
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ERAL
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OCK, NORTH MAIN ST.,
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prompt attention in connection with receiving and
ence Telephone 128. Office, 128.

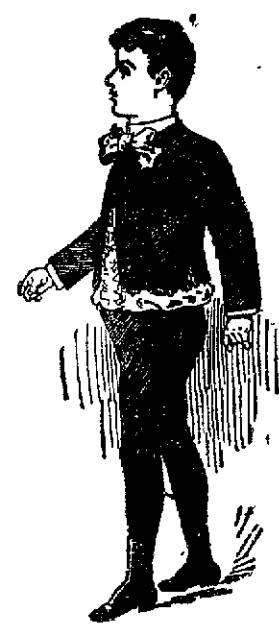
Summer Boys' Clothes.

Our stock of Wash Suits for Little Fel-lows, 3 to 8, ARE VERY CHEAP, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, 1.50. Dark and light effects.

Boys' Light Weight Junior Suits, Short Jacket Suits, ages 2½ to 6, at \$1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00 and up.

The Cheapest, Best and most stylish array of these suits ever before shown by us.

BOYS' REEFER SUITS, ages 4 to 8, cut with large Sailor Collars, made Double Breasted, at \$2.00, 2.50, 3.00 and upward.



Boys' Suits, 5 to 16, at \$1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00 and upward—the best values; the largest stock to select from.

Boys' Fancy Waists, Fancy Trimmed, ages 3 to 8, at 25c.

Boys' Mother's Friend Shirt Waists, New Spring Styles—

95c quality—25c.
50c " 39c.
75c " 59c.
\$1.00 " 79c.

Boys' Cassimere Knee Pants, ages 4 to 16, at 25c.

All wool Kneq Pants, ages 3 to 16, at 50c: Large stock just received.

Headquarters For Boys' Attire of
All Kinds of Clothing.

THE BEST VALUES, THE LOWEST PRICES.

Ottenheimer & Co.

The Progressive Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers.
Telephone 182. MASONIC TEMPLE

We Are Showing—

A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF

Wedding
Presents,

IN RICH CUT GLASS AND STERLING SILVER.

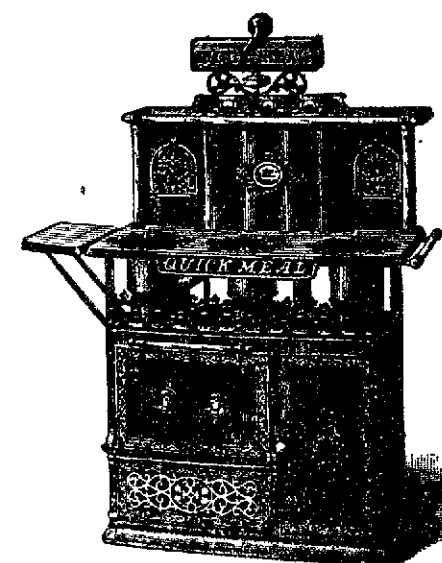
Ask to See the English Wedding Ring.

W.R. Abbott & Co.,

JEWELERS.

North Water Street.

BEST ON EARTH



"Quick Meal"

Why are we selling so many "Quick Meals?" Simply because the people who use them tell their neighbors to take nothing but a "Quick Meal." Ask your neighbors, they use one.

Over 500 of them in Decatur.

A full line on our floor, both Gas and Gasoline.

"THE BIG STORE,"

Bachman Bros. & Martin Co.

HAVE YOU TRIED

CHASE & SANBORN'S

COFFEES?

Only Sold at

"The Economy,"

221 North Water Street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Denz, Tailor, 117 North Water St. Go to Henry's bakery for all kinds of bread, cakes, pies, etc. June 22-dtf

Many shrewd grain buyers are in the city today.

Dr. H. P. Bachman, dentist rooms 7, 8 and 9, in Temple block. 5 dtf

USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR. Dr. L. E. Conradt, Dentist rooms 42 and 43 Fenton block. aug24-dtf

Sleeth is the only photographer in the city who guarantees satisfaction.

Smoke the famous Leda, a fine 10 cent, made by John Weigand. Mch 25 dtf

The old reliable K & W cigars are made by John Weigand. Mch 25-dtf

Mamma eats a Cascaret, baby gets the benefit. Cascarets make mother's milk mildly purgative.

Pastor Danely lectured to a good congregation at Elwin in the M. E. church Sunday night.

Give the Grand Opera cigars, made by John Weigand, a trial. Sold everywhere. Mch 25 dtf

Smoke the always popular Little Rose and Bouquet cigars. They are sold everywhere in the city.

The Grand Opera House cigars made by Johnny Weigand are the best in town. Mch 25-dtf

Just before going to bed eat a Cascaret candy. Makes you feel fine in the morning.

USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR. BEST Imported Cement for Side-walks; warranted. Decatur Rock Plaster Co., new 'phone 528.

What's the matter with you? Constipated? Cascarets will cure. Eat them like candy.

The Decatur Wheelmen's club is to have a race meeting on Tuesday, August 18.

Mrs. Emery Shively, of 1136 East William street, has been very sick with typhoid fever and is now thought to be on the way to health again.

The mission band at Long Creek church is preparing for the annual festival which comes Tuesday night, June 30. When the weather is pleasant the attendance at these annual festivals is large.

The favorite pianos and organs with the ladies are those sold at the C. B. Prescott house on North Water Street. See the Reed & Son's and Haines upright pianos

The Decatur mail carriers have sent a challenge to the mail carriers at Springfield for two games of base ball on July 4th. There has been no reply to the letter.

Charles B. Hatch has taken charge of the Beardsley hotel at Champlain. C. B. has been a traveling man for several years. He and O. F. Spalding ought to be able to give good grub at the principal twin city.

The Children's Day concert at the M. E. church in Elwin Sunday morning was good. The exercises were heard by a very large congregation. The collection for educational purposes was much above the average on such occasions.

No better soft coal in this market than Lincoln or Riverton. Buy it of M. F. Metz. Personally he can be found at the yard office, 800 North Broadway. For Broadway office; Old Phone 485; New Phone 485. Also leave orders with T. W. Cann 628 North Main or with Harry Metz at King & Metz' drug store. Hard coal all sizes, always in stock at market prices. Nov. 11dtf

USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.

Much old corn is being held in cribs in all portions of the state and especially in central Illinois, though not a very large proportion of it belongs to the farms. In the immediate vicinity of the village of Anchor, McLean county, there is fully 150,000 bushels of corn, of the crop of 1895, in the cribs of farmers. At least fifteen farmers there have over 5,000 bushels each. Mr. George Hudson has about 15,000 bushels of grain, the crop of two years past.

Up to last Saturday this month Chicago received 146,600 cattle, 480,100 hogs and 205,100 sheep, against 120,733 cattle, 482,199 hogs and 177,440 sheep a year ago, and 168,849 cattle, 513,946 hogs and 150,561 sheep the corresponding week of June, 1894. Receipts from January 1, 1896, to date, 1,166,500 cattle, 3,014,600 hogs and 1,050,309 sheep, against 1,043,111 cattle, 3,872,776 hogs and 1,488,514 sheep a year ago and 1,355,407 cattle, 3,019,983 hogs and 1,455,918 sheep two years ago.

Bachman's Baby. Carriages have arrived, sixty-five patterns to select from, newest style of upholstery, prices range from \$5 to \$65; Bachman Bros. & Martin Co.—184-1mo

A BIG JUBILEE.

Republican Men and Women Meet and Ratify the Nomination of

WM. MCKINLEY AND G. A. HOBART.

Stirring Addresses by Cochran, McIntosh, Mills and Calhoun—Cannons and Fire-works.

The Republicans of Decatur opened the campaign of 1896 in the city and county last night by a thoroughly enthusiastic ratification meeting at the tabernacle. The building was filled, hot as it was, and while Goodman's band and the Republican drum and bugle corps, which had escorted the committee and speakers from the St. Nicholas to the tab, stirred up things musically on the outside, more people crowded into the building and those who couldn't get in celebrated by firing off cannons and rockets.

The people were ready to cheer and the old flag carried on the platform by James Lemaster received a patriotic salute.

Called to Order.

Chairman Lytle, of the county central committee, called the meeting to order and named Alexander McIntosh as chairman. Everybody cheered again.

Attorney McIntosh said: We are here to ratify the nominations made at St. Louis, and to give our seal of approval to the choice of the delegates, to ratify the nomination of that man who has long been the choice of the people. (Cheers.)

Every four years the people are called upon to select the chief executive for the nation, and it is no small compliment which the American pays to a man. The man must be a man of broad intellect, firm and pure; and when the majority of the 70,000,000 of our nation selects a chief executive it is the greatest compliment possible to be bestowed; and no grander man could have been selected than William McKinley, of Ohio, (cheers) a man who is so completely bound up in the hearts of the people. Despite the machinations of the politicians, the people arose and said we will have McKinley—despite the power of Platt in New York, Quay in Pennsylvania, the combine in Iowa, and the machine in Illinois. Even before the delegates arrived at St. Louis, Major McKinley was nominated, and tonight we are here to ratify the nomination of McKinley and Hobart.

Goodman's band here gave a splendid selection, a medley of popular airs, the audience breaking out in shouts and with applause as "Marching Through Georgia," and "Red, White and Blue" swept from the stage. There was a great encore at the finish, to which Director Walter responded with part of the selection.

Hon. W. G. Cochran, of Sullivan, Republican nominee for representative for the Forty-first district, and department commander, Illinois Grand Army of the Republic, was presented as the chief ratifier of the evening, in a highly eulogistic speech by the chairman.

Mr. Cochran was received most cordially. He said he had witnessed the nomination of his choice for president and he made himself solid as usual by paying a neat compliment to Decatur and her enterprise. He recalled the fact that last March the McKinley club was organized in Decatur, and he believed that the members of that club were more than gratified over the nomination of the grand man in whose honor they christened the organization. The speaker said he was doubly gratified, for the man of his choice, one of the boys who had shouldered a gun, a man above reproach, a Christian man, a man whom he esteemed as a personal friend, because he was my comrade, has been selected as our leader. There are no stronger ties, scarcely, than the ties of comradeship in the struggle for life and liberty. It is good for the country generally that we have these contentions of preferences in our ranks. I would have cheerfully supported any man who might have been nominated. Recently the Democrats heard the news from St. Louis and a great change has come over them. Some of the leaders in the Democratic party are getting serious. You have heard from Whitney, of New York, Campbell, of Ohio, and President Cleveland, who speak warning words—that they cannot ship wreck the nation. Referring to Senator Teller's bolt at St. Louis, the speaker said he had no more cause to leave on June 18 than he did in 1879, for the Republican party has ever since that year been for an honest dollar. Teller and his companions would not play because the great majority refused to play the game they desired.

In one respect the Democrats in their tariff legislation have been fair—they have given us all hard times (laughter). A protective tariff is a principle as broad and deep and patriotic as any principle we have to deal with. I am in favor of the Republican tariff system, and I am in favor of the financial plank. 'You are in favor of the present standard, the same that went into force in 1879. Here is a five-dollar gold piece. I will sell it to any man in the house for \$5 in silver or paper, or I'll sell you this five dollar bill, or these five silver dollars, or I'll sell it all to you for \$15 in gold or silver or paper, and not for a cent less. That's McKinley money (Cheers.) That's the kind of money we pronounced for at the St. Louis convention. Isn't that the kind of money you want, one dollar as good as another?

But the most important plank in the platform is the tariff plank. Bring about industry, put idle men to work, and the money matters will be all right. (Cheers.) Until both platforms have been formulated it is not proper to discuss them. We can't talk about the old Democratic platform for they never make two alike. I know Major McKinley to be a pure, good and able man, and the Democrats will name a man of similar character if they can find him in the Democratic party. This will not be a campaign of vilification, but one of education. I have always admired McKinley for his kindness to his wife, his bravery in battle, his ability and his qualities as a leader. When in the great hall in St. Louis the uproar created was greater than that of the tornado and we sang everything from "Marching Through Georgia" to "Marching to the New Jerusalem."

The Democrats will meet at Peoria tomorrow and will nominate Altgeld for governor—if he'll take it. I guess he will for no other man will take it. (Laughter.)

In November next we will place Illinois in line again and relegate such men as Altgeld, Hanrath, Brinton and such fellows to the communities whence they came. Mr. Cochran closed with a solo, one verse of "Illinois."

The chairman announced that Goodman's band would play the new campaign composition, "The McKinley March," which he said would inaugurate the march of the people to the polls in November to elect McKinley, so that on the fourth of March, the major could march in the White House.

Mr. McIntosh stated that it was expected Mr. Sherrock would speak but he could not be present.

State's Attorney I. R. Mills was presented and received with applause. He said that the Republicans had met in national convention and had done their work by naming candidates and formulating a platform. They have kept faith with the people of the United States. None have ever done their work more faithfully. The speaker was in the convention as a spectator. It was a great gathering and it made a lasting impression upon his mind. The leading men of the party and the nation were before that great body—one of whom was worthy to be the standard bearer in the year 1896.

They had the honor and the ability to carry us to victory. Eulogies were passed upon the ability and record of Morton, Reed, Allison and Quay. All that was said of these men might have been said of either of the men; but when the name of William McKinley, not of Ohio, but of the nation for he belongs to all the people, was spoken there was a great demonstration, a marvelous outburst of enthusiasm long continued. Why is it we see only William McKinley? Four years ago this nation was prosperous, thoroughly so, and the laborer was receiving just compensation for his work, and he was able to take proper care of his wife and children.

Then came the Democratic party to bring discontent, idleness and disaster in the land. Democratic orators said to the farmer that they would get a dollar a bushel for wheat and 60 cents for corn, and further that the laborer would simply roll in wealth. The Democrats succeeded in fooling the people and they have given us a sample of their free trade policy. Now they are trying again to fool the people. You have had a practical experience of hard times for three years. The young fellows have had the experience which the older men had long ago. We got smart and we know the result.

It is because of Major McKinley's relation to the great principle of protection and prosperity that brought him before the people and resulted in elevating him as our standard bearer, and he will be elected by a greater majority than any candidate ever received. (Applause.)

W. F. Calhoun was introduced and cordially received. He arose and plunged right into the heat of the political situation by telling a story about Seth Butties and a fat jack pot in a poker game. The companions of Seth had worked Seth once by suddenly calling his attention to a dog, improving the opportunity while he was looking at the dog to fix the hands so they would swipe the jack pot which they did in great style. Then they tried it again, telling Seth to look at the dog, but Seth kept his eyes glued on the table, simply answering that he had seen that dog. The story was applied to the trick of the Democrats in 1892, when they worked the free trade tariff racket on the voters. This time we are not going to look at the dog as we did in '92. But now they have got another dog, and they have shifted to the silver dog with the purpose of fooling somebody. (Cheers.)

The people are for McKinley because he stands for the great principle of protection. The people want to return to the times of prosperity such as we had in '92. We are here to ratify the nomination of McKinley who is a thorough American from top to bottom. He proved himself a man of courage in battle and he has been a man of courage in congress and in domestic life. In 1892 when other men faltered and weakened it was McKinley who stood for protection and proved that the principle was right. His predictions then have come true and have been verified. His nomination at St. Louis with such unanimity has never been equalled in enthusiasm and universal approval except in the cases of Lincoln and Grant. (Applause.)

Before the band played a dismal selection Mr. McIntosh thanked the audience for their attention, especially the

many ladies for their presence. He thought when the ladies took such an interest in the case success was certain. It was a good meeting throughout and a fine starter for victory in November.

ADOPTED A NEW RULE.

The Illinois Central Now Pays in Drafts and Not in Currency.

With this month the Illinois Central began to pay its employees in Chicago drafts instead of gold or paper money. The pay car was here this week, and every employee who entered it came away with a little piece of paper, which he looked at in a rather wondering way, but he knew it was good for every cent of money its face entitled for, because it bore the signature of the proper official of the Illinois Central company. These drafts were as good as gold and could be cashed anywhere they were presented; but still, the men feeling them say they would rather have the money, then they would not have the trouble of finding some one who would cash them. A rule in connection with these drafts is that when one is presented at a bank by a man engaged in the liquor business the man from whom he got it will be discharged from the service of the company. The company made this rule to prevent its men from spending their money in the saloons. No reason is assigned by the company for adopting this new method of paying, but it is said it was done in order to make the work lighter on the paymaster. By the present method he does not have to handle large amounts of money.

A Night Out. Miss Lida Mueller gave a steamboat party last evening in honor of Miss Carrie Birk, of Chicago. Mr. and Mrs. Gus Ahrens chaperoned the party. After the ride on the Saugamon the party enjoyed the theatre at Riverside park and from there hied themselves to the residence of Alderman and Mrs. Gus Ahrens where music and refreshments were indulged in until a late hour. The party consisted of Miss Birk, Miss Lida Mueller, Ella Berling, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Mueller, Henry Mueller, Mr. Branniff and Stout and Mr. and Mrs. Gus Ahrens and Will Curran. At noon today Miss Birk and Mrs. Mueller departed for their homes in Chicago more than delighted with their visit in Decatur.

"The Tenderfoot" To-Night. Despite threatening weather and the ratification up town, "The Tenderfoot" drew a good audience to Riverside and seemed to please them thoroughly.

Tonight the play is "The Tenderfoot," an eastern play, one of the best in the repertoire of this company. No one wishing to attend should allow threatening weather to deter. The company plays rain or shine as the pavilion is water proof and is dry and comfortable. A feature of the week will be the production of "Nani," suggested by Zola's great novel. Something out of the ordinary.

Democratic State Convention at Peoria, June 23rd.

For the above occasion the P., D. & E. railway will sell tickets to Peoria at one fare for the round trip, good from June 30 to 23rd inclusive, returning until the 27th. The P., D. & E. trains run so that they will accommodate all. Notice the time card elsewhere in this issue. For further information or tickets call on W. L. Smith, ticket agent, Union depot, or T. Penniwell, city ticket agent. A. G. Palmer, G. P. A., Evansville, Ind.

G. A. R. Meeting. There will be a regular meeting of Dunham Post, No. 141, G. A. R., this evening at the post hall. Business of importance is to be transacted and a full attendance is desired. I. N. Martin, Commander.

Death of a Child. Nell Travis Carter, the son of Alderman and Mrs. J. W. Carter this morning at the family residence, No. 922 North Church street. The child was born in this city on October 22, 1893. The time of the funeral will be announced later.

The members of the ladies' central committee of the Y. M. C. A. will hold a meeting tomorrow afternoon at 8 o'clock at the association rooms. They will make arrangements for the reception which will be given by the board of directors to the members next Tuesday evening.

G. A. Crosthwaite, representing the Home Education Publishing house, of Springfield, has located in this city and will act as local manager. He has taken his office with George Lower in the Library block.

A game between the doctors and the school teachers was booked for this afternoon but will probably have to be postponed on account of the wet grounds.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

At all Grocers and Bakers.

At all Grocers and Bakers.

At all Grocers and Bakers.

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At all Grocers and Bakers.

The Coldest Soda.

Soda on Ice.
Syrups on Ice.
Glasses on Ice.
Ice on Ice.

We use only very cold ice and very wet water, so that we have unusual attractions to offer to the hot and dry.

Special this week,
Orangeade, 10c.

Bell
The Druggist.
Cor. Main & North Sts.
Opposite Review Building.



MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 23, 1896.
The REPUBLICAN is indebted to B. Z. Layler, dealer in grain, provisions and stocks, with correspondents in Chicago, New York, Minneapolis and St. Louis for the following market quotations.

Wheat—	Open- ing.	High- est.	Low- est.	Clos- ing.
June.....	—	56 1/2	56 1/4	56 1/2
July.....	—	56 3/4	57 1/4	57 1/2
September.....	—	57 1/2	57 3/4	58 1/2
Corn—	—	—	—	—
June.....	—	27 1/2	27 1/4	27 1/2
July.....	—	27 3/4	27 3/8	27 3/4
September.....	—	28 1/2	28 1/4	28 1/2
June.....	16 1/2	16 3/4	16 1/4	16 1/2
July.....	17 1/4	17 3/4	17 1/8	17 1/2
September.....	—	—	—	—
Pork—	—	—	—	—
June.....	7 02 1/2	—	—	7 02 1/2
July.....	—	—	—	—
Lard—	—	—	—	—
June.....	4 05	—	—	4 05
July.....	—	—	—	—
Libs—	—	—	—	—
July.....	3 70	3 72 1/2	3 70	3 72 1/2

g Sale.

\$3.00 Ladies' Trimmings at 98c

Children's Straw Hats

At....

25c

3c

Sun Bonnets

At..

19c

GGS COMPANY

Costs More Than any other because it is Worth More



Pillsbury's Best

Is always the best. It never disappoints the bread maker.

GENTLEMEN,

Stop and think--you have less than five months in which to wear your spring and summer suit--why not get it

NOW

and get the good of it? \$5 saved is \$5 earned. Why not earn that amount by buying your spring suit of

T. F. MULEADY,

256 N. MAIN ST.

DR. ENOS

Has established Electric, Vapor and Medicated

BATHS,

together with the MASSAGE TREATMENT, for the treatment of Chronic Diseases, such as Nervousness, Rheumatism, Overworked and Debilitated People, Stomach Troubles, Etc., Etc.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,

345 North Main St.

Dr. T. S. Hoskins, Dentist, Opera House Block, ground floor.

Jan 24-d4wt



THE ABOVE TRADE-MARK,

On Garments, whether it be a Shirt, Overall or Jacket, shows that it was made by the

Race Clothing M'fg Co.,

and is a guarantee of the best goods your money can buy.

This being the season for Soft and Neglige Shirts we have turned out a superior line in all the grades:

Soft Shirts at 50c and 75c, in Cheviots and Madras Cloth. For \$1.00 and \$1.25 in Silk Stripe; beautiful goods, and at the price should tempt any one who wants first-class goods.

Our Neglige line at 35c up to \$1.00 are better made, and the customer says cheaper than found elsewhere.

Boys' Blue Bib Overalls, 3 years to 12, 25c.

When you buy the Race Shirts, Overalls and the goods we manufacture you protect a home industry that is a benefit to Decatur. A word to the wise is sufficient.

RACE CLOTHING Manufacturing Co.

135 NORTH WATER STREET.

SLAUGHTER SALE!

—AT—

THE BARGAIN STORE,

731 North Water Street.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 2 Pie Plates will go for..... 5c | Clothes Pins, 6 dozen for..... 5c |
| Tin Cups, a regular 5c article, at... 2c | Scrubbing Brushes at..... 4c |
| 2 quart Coffee Pot will go at..... 10c | Men's White Laundry Shirts, Bargain Store price..... 48c |
| 2 Covered Pail at The Bargain Store for..... 5c | Men's Laundry Neglige Shirts, slaughter sale price..... 39c |
| 10 quart Water Pail you can buy of us for..... 10c | Men's good strong Working Pants worth 50c, for..... 48c |
| Packing Pans, slaughter sale price..... 10c | First quality Ice Cream Freezers at..... \$1.25 |
| Shoe Brushes--Others sell them for 2c. You can buy them at The Bargain Store for..... 10c | |

Hammocks, Iron and Wooden Wagons and Carts at very Low Prices. We carry a fine line of Crockery, Glassware and China of the latest designs. Call in and examine them.

A fine line of Fancy Jarlineers to be closed out at less than cost.

BE SURE TO COME TO THE NEW STORE.

R. ZUCKERMANN,

731 NORTH WATER STREET.

Collars and Cuffs.

We have Collars, Cuffs and White Fronts to match....

New line SHIRT WAISTS in Organies and DIMITIES.....

H. C. Anthony

DECATUR, ILL.

A COLLISION TO ORDER.

Locomotives Sent Together Before a Vast Crowd in Ohio.

The Heavy Engines Leap Twenty-Five Feet into the Air When They Meet--Women Fatal at Result--the Scene.

The presence of 25,000 people in Buckeye park, south of Columbus, O., the other afternoon to see two monster locomotives deliberately put in terrible collision bore evidence to the natural love of destruction in the average human being. The collision was arranged by the Hocking Valley Railway company as a means of drawing people to their new park to pass a holiday. The machines were old-fashioned and worn out. Neither had been used for some time and both were early candidates for the scrap pile. A small expense put them in safe condition for the purpose.

A special side track a mile long had been prepared, and the locomotives, with four old freight cars attached to each and under full steam, were started, one from each end, at precisely 4:25 p. m. It is estimated that they were going at the rate of 45 miles an hour when they met. The crash was heard for miles.

The two monsters were of about equal weight, and when they struck they mounted up in the air fully 25 feet. The freight cars piled up in a wreck under them and the wreck of the engines fell back upon them, a hissing, smoking mass. Dummy brakemen and engineers had been placed on the trains to make it all the more realistic, and many women fainted, supposing they were real men and could not get off.

As one of the engines was a little faster than the other, preliminary trials of speed were made, so as to bring the collision at a certain point. Engine W. R. Fisher was started 3,600 feet south of the point of meeting and the A. L. S. 3,000 feet north. The engines were started together on the main track and ran together on a siding in the park. Both engines were started at the same minute, the engineers jumping after opening the throttles. The engines met within about 100 feet of the calculated point. The immense crowd was silent with awe as the engines crashed into each other.

As the clouds of dust and steam obscured the wreck there was a tremendous shout, then, when the escaping steam subsided, the people clambered over the wreckage and every loose piece of iron that could be found was carried away as a relic. Kinetoscopic and eidoloscopic views of the wreck were taken by experts.

Chief Clerk Thomas Peck, of the general ticket agent's office, was the victim of the only accident. A bolt from the wrecked engines flew about 100 yards to where he was standing, and, striking him on the leg, broke it in two places.

NO NEW TORPEDO CRUISER.

Secretary Herbert Abandons Hope of Constructing One Under Former Act.

A New York Herald special from Washington says: Secretary Herbert has given up hope of being able to build a torpedo cruiser in accordance with the act of June 30, 1890. By this act an appropriation of \$350,000 was made for the construction of a vessel of 750 tons displacement, having a speed of not less than 21 knots. The department at the time was unable to find any one willing to build a ship in accordance with the provisions of this act, and the money has remained unexpended.

Recently Secretary Herbert gave consideration to the act authorizing the construction of this vessel. The matter was referred to the chief of the bureau of construction and repair and the chief of the bureau of steam engineering, and it is their report that has caused the secretary to abandon the idea of building the vessel, unless congress agrees to make certain modifications in the act authorizing her.

The first official report of the trial of the battle ship Oregon has reached the navy department. The report was written immediately upon the return of the vessel to San Francisco, so that it does not contain the corrected speed made by the ship on her trial. This point, however, has been settled by a dispatch which reached the navy department stating that the Oregon's speed, with all corrections applied, is 16.701 knots.

WIRES MUST BE UNDERGROUND.

Important Lesson Taught by the Disaster in St. Louis.

H. J. Smith, general superintendent of the Edison Illuminating company, of New York city, when seen at the electric show the other night said:

"One of the most important lessons taught by the disaster which devastated a large portion of the city of St. Louis is this--that all wires in all cities should be placed underground. If the companies had been forced, as we were in New York several years ago, to bury all their wires, the city would have been spared a great many of the horrible features of Wednesday night. I venture to predict that within a year the city of St. Louis will take this subject up in earnest, and it seems to me that every city in the United States should do so as soon as possible."

Indians May Not Kill Game.

The supreme court, in an opinion by Justice White, passed upon the right of the Bannock Indians to kill game in the unsettled lands of their frontier reservation in Wyoming, holding that under their treaty the Indians could not kill game in violation of the game laws of the state. The title of the case was that of J. H. Ward, sheriff, vs. Race Horse, the latter being an Indian who had surrendered himself to the Wyoming state authorities for the purpose of testing the matter.

Advertising in London.

According to London papers over £4,000,000 is paid for advertisements in the metropolitan journals every year. This is equivalent to between four and five dollars per capita of the population.

Mortuary.

John Coombe was born in Torquay, Devonshire, England, November 28, 1840.

He emigrated with the family to Cincinnati, Ohio, in the spring of 1861. In February of the next year the family moved to Clermont county and from thence to Fairfield, Jefferson county, Iowa. In July, 1860, he came to Macon county, Illinois. In 1865 or 1866 he was converted and joined the Methodist church.

On September 22, 1867, in Decatur, Ill., he was married to Ella J. Winbigger. Three children were born to them, Belle, Henry and Minnie. On March 14, 1876, his wife crossed over the silent river.

On February 13, 1877, at Shipman, Ill., he was married to Mary E. Wiley, who has been a mother to his motherless children and a true and faithful helpmeet in all the trials and sorrows of life.

For years he has not been in rugged health. On January 8, 1895, he was stricken with paralysis which paralyzed his left side, from this he partially recovered when on June 10, 1896, he had a second stroke. This time his right side was paralyzed, rendering him speechless and for the most part unconscious.

He lingered till June 21, 10:30 a. m., when his spirit took its flight to that bourne from which no traveler ever returns.

The funeral was held at the family residence on Tuesday, at 10 o'clock a. m. The Rev. A. M. Danely conducted the exercises. A very large company followed the remains to their last resting place in Mt. Gilard cemetery. His brothers and sisters were all present, William, of Mt. Zion, Mrs. Mary J. Thomas Beaver, Oklahama, Elijah, of Long Creek, and Rev. Joseph, of Arcola. The pall bearers were Messrs. Chester Wells, J. H. Mallory, Jefferson Cloney, Charles Cunningham, Thomas Jones and Thomas Fountain.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c.

It is said that Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Diagnosis of Grippes.

True grippes is a germ disease. These germs are in the circulation and pervade every tissue and organ of the body. This brings speedy collapse and often death to the aged and debilitated. The only germicide known that searches out and destroys every grippes germ in the system is Brazilian Balm. A week or ten days' treatment effects a complete cure.

For sale by Armstrong Bros., Druggists.

Dr. L. Kittinger, a leading physician

of Wilmington, Del., asked the proprietor of Brazilian Balm to send him a trial bottle. A few weeks afterwards the doctor said: "I had a couple of cases of old Cough on hand that completely baffled me. I had got to the end of my string. But the Balm made a prompt cure in both cases. It is a remarkable remedy."

For sale by Armstrong Bros., Druggists.

About the Eye.

For people with sore eyes, weak, watery eyes, and red and inflamed eyes, caused by age, catarrh or other cause, the Brazilian Balm is a priceless boon. Put 15 or 20 drops of Balm into a spoonful of warm water and bathe the eyes well night and morning, getting some of the solution into the eyes. The relief and benefit is worth a hundred times the cost.

For sale by Armstrong Bros., Druggists.

Master in Chancery's Sale.

STATE OF ILLINOIS,

MACON COUNTY.

In the Circuit Court of Macon County, Savings Fund and Building Association vs. James J. Finn, et al. No. 1257. Bill to foreclose mortgage.

Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of Macon county, State of Illinois, entered in the above entitled cause at the June term, A. D. 1896, of said court, I, James J. Finn, master in chancery of said court, will, on

Saturday, July 11th, 1896,

at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., at the north door of the court house in the city of Decatur, in said county, offer for sale at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, subject to redemption according to law, the real estate in said county, to-wit: Lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 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975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

SEALED BIDS.

Sealed bids will be received until June 26th, 1896, for building a school house in District 6, township 17 and 18, in Austin township. Plans and specifications can be seen at John E. Ward's furniture store, in Warrensburg. Direct your reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

J. E. WARD, FURNITURE STORE, WARRENSBURG, MO.

For the above the P. D. & E. Ry. will make a reduced rate of Fare and One-third for the round trip. Tickets to be good until and including July 2nd, and will be honored to or and returning on all regular trains of the above dates.

June 20-d4wt

Lincoln Trotting Association Meeting.

For the above the P. D. & E. Ry. will make a reduced rate of Fare and One-third for the round trip. Tickets to be good until and including July 2nd, and will be honored to or and returning on all regular trains of the above dates.

June 20-d4wt

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.

CHAS. LAUX, Proprietor.

South Side Lincoln Square, Decatur, Ill.

BARGAIN COLUMN.

Advertisements & Forty words or less may be inserted in this column at the rate of 10 cents per week, payable invariably in advance.

For Sale. For Rent. Wanted, Etc.

WANTED.

WANTED--A girl for general housework. Small family. Good wages paid. Call at 289 West North street.

WANTED--Paper Hanging. With 25 years' experience I am prepared to give prompt attention to all orders for Papering and Papering on all parts of the city. Prices reasonable and all work guaranteed. New Telephone No. 336. D. M. SMITH. Apr 15-d4wt

WANTED--A good cook, at once--woman preferred. Call at J. M. Huff's Restaurant on South Water street. May 14-d4wt

WANTED--\$1000 or \$2000--first-class real estate security. 7 per cent interest; 5 per cent commission. Address J. J. Carr, Republic. 15-d4wt

FOR SALE.

DRUG AND BOOK STORE FOR SALE--The flourishing stock of Drugs and Books, including a four year lease. S. H. JACK, Assignee. mar23

PRESENTATION GOODS

Sterling Silver.

Made by the Gorham Mfg Co.

New Articles Just Received.

Individual Oyster, Berry, and Salad Forks.
Cream Ladles, Sugar Spoons, Butter
Knives, Bon Bons.

Salad Spoons and Forks, Berry Spoons,
Preserve Spoons, Jelly Spoons.
Sardine, Cold Meat and Beef Forks, Let-
tuce Forks.

Sterling Silver Salts and Peppers.

The Prices on These Goods
Suit the Times.

Otto E. Curtis & Bro., Jewelers,

156 East Main St.---113 North Water St.

New Spring Goods.

F. H. COLE SHOE CO.,

148 East Main Street.

Special Sale!

TO REDUCE OUR STOCK OF SUMMER GOODS.

Challies to go at 2½¢ a yard, worth 5¢ to 7¢.
Scotch Lawn to go at 4½¢ a yard, worth 7¢.
Scotch Gingham at 5½¢ a yard, worth 15¢.
French Dimity at 12½¢ a yard, worth 15¢.
Unbleached Muslin at 4½¢ a yard, worth 7¢.

SHOE SALE.

Ladies' Oxfords at 98¢ a pair, worth \$1.25 to \$3.00.
Ladies' Button Shoes at \$1.48, worth \$2.00 to \$2.50.
Hemp Carpet at 12½¢ a yard, worth 25¢ to close out.

Ready-Made Skirts at \$1.98 each.
Best Challie Wrappers at 98¢.
Best Calico Wrappers at 98¢.
Best Percale Shirt Waists at 98¢.
Good Laundered Waists at 50¢.
Best Dimity Shirt Waists, separate collar, at \$1.00.

Lot of size 34 Calico Waists at 25¢, worth 50¢.
Ladies' New Linen Collars, standing and turnover, at 15¢.
Ladies' Cuffs at 25¢.
Lot of Remnants of Carpets at 25¢ and 30¢ a yard.
Stair Carpet at 25¢ and 30¢ a yard.

Chas. T. Johnston

151 NORTH WATER STREET.

10c A QUART
bottle for a first-class disinfectant; can be used any place about the house, where a disinfectant is needed. Usual price 25c.

KIND & METZ,
...Druggists...

SOCIETY MEETINGS.
A. R.---Regular meeting of Dunham Post No. 14, this Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. All comrades are requested to be present.
L. N. MARTIN, Com. NORMAN PHILLIPS, Adj.

TRIBE OF BEN HUR.—All members of Triumph Court No. 7, Tribe of Ben Hur, are requested to meet at Dr. A. L. Collins' office at 8 o'clock this (Tuesday) evening, June 23. Dr. J. H. Eddy, Chief. C. S. Price, Scribe.

LOCAL NEWS.
Auction of Bicycles Thursday evening. Dodd & Co.
You pay a little more for Slooth's portraits but—
Johnny Weigand still makes the Leda 10 cent cigar. mch25-dtf
Irwin's Dandelion Shot paper knocks the flies, eight sheets 5 cents.
Every family should have a bottle of Irwin's Blackberry Balsam.

USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.
Nervous people should take Irwin's Calory Nervine; large bottle 75 cents.
Telephone Rock Plaster Co. for Lime, Cement and Rock Plaster.
Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night at Open House drug store.
Rubber tires for surreys and buggies. George S. Durfee & Bro., 158 South Water street. —11-dtf
Tomorrow evening an entertainment will be given by the pupils at St. Theresa's academy.

USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.
Go to Spencer & Lehman company for wood pumps, iron pumps, force pumps and pump repairs. feb6d&wtf
Lowney's first-class chocolates and World's Premium box candies are handled exclusively by Whitley.

FIREWORKS
at Chodat's, 117 N. Water St.
Just Received—A full line of fresh garden seeds from the best and most reliable seedsmen by Spencer & Lehman company. Feb. 26, d&w 8mo.

The marriage of Attorney Walker, of Tacoma, Wash., and Miss Clara Eymann, will take place at the home of the bride on Thursday evening.

In the Chicago Times-Herald today appears the picture of Robert I. Hunt as one of the chief notables from Decatur, attending the state Democratic convention at Peoria.

There was a heavy fall of rain again last night. It came down without wind accompaniment, just a good soaking rain for the benefit of the growing crops and vegetation generally.

Go to Spencer & Lehman company for fine surreys, canopy and extension top-buggies and road wagons, and a full line of medium grade vehicles. Feb. 26, d&w tf

Auction of Bicycles Thursday evening. Dodd & Co.
The register, at the St. Nicholas hotel, bears the names of scores of grain men from the central part of the state who are in the city attending the meeting of the Illinois Grain Dealers' association.

In the Circuit Court.
A few motions received attention in the circuit court this forenoon, and this afternoon Judge Vail took a recognition in a misdemeanor case.
Edna Davis et al vs. Ida Downing et al, chancery; leave given to file amended bill and substitute new guardian.
Walter Johnson vs. Ida Johnson, divorce; evidence heard; decree granted.
Central Union Building and Loan association of Bloomington vs. C. M. Lane et al, foreclosure; receiver's bond approved.
J. C. Riggan et al vs. Byron Cheever; referred to master for proof and conclusions.

Insanity Case.
In the county court today Judge Hammer was asked by Edward McKay to appoint a commission to inquire as to the mental condition of his wife, Alice McKay. It was represented that Dr. Cass Chenoweth, the husband and Thomas McKay, could give needed information. The commission was appointed.

Lawn Social
Progress Rebekah Degree Lodge, No. 141, will give a Lawn Social on Thursday evening, June 25th, at the residence of D. B. Baldwin, corner of Orchard and Clayton streets. Ice Cream and cake will be served on the lawn. The public is cordially invited. 23-d2

Luther Parlier, late editor of the Mackinac Enterprise, will make his home in Peoria.

Penny Wise and Pound Foolish are they who have not Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure as a safeguard in the family. Noisler Drug & Supply Co. and N. L. Krone.

A Danville barber laughed so hard at a funny happening that he had hemorrhage of the lungs.

JAMES VEALE IS WORKED.

He is the Victim of a Smooth Man Who Got a Good Suit of Clothes for Five Dollars.

James Veale, who has a tailor shop on North Water street, was worked recently by a smooth slim-lim confidence game. A man who said he was from Sullivan got a \$32 suit of clothes for \$5, and the tailor is out just the balance \$27. Mr. Veale tells the following story as to how he was robbed:

"It beats the dence how that man worked me for those clothes. He came into my place about a week ago and I measured him for a \$32 suit of clothes. He paid me \$5 and flashed a big roll of bills. The suit was to be done Monday and he was to come for it. He came around all right and so I thought he was straight. He said that his name was Johnson and he lived in Sullivan. He told about me making a suit for him once before and I believed him. He said he was afraid he couldn't take the clothes out that day. He had plenty of money but he belonged to his brother who had been hurt on the railroad at Sullivan and he was taking it to him. He just as leave give me some of the money but it had been marked by the railroad company, and he wanted to give his brother the same money. He said he would just leave part of it with me for security and when he got to Sullivan he would send me the money and I must return his money so that he could give the marked bills to his brother. He promised that his brother would come up and buy a suit, too. He gave me the money and I put it in an envelope. He asked to have it for a minute and he wrote his name on the outside. I gave it to him and he wrote his name on it and gave it back. But I guess he must have changed envelopes on me for when he didn't come Monday and the envelope was opened there was nothing inside but tissue paper. So my \$32 suit is gone and I have nothing but \$5. I saw those bills put in the envelope myself but I was straightening the goods on my counter when he was writing on the envelope and I didn't watch him very close. Now there isn't a man in the country who could work me the first time he came to my store but you see this fellow came back so many times and had so much money that I thought he was all right."

Mr. Veale went to Marshal Mason this morning and told him of the case. He said that the man didn't show up yesterday and he wanted to know if he had a right to open the envelope. The marshal told him to open it but he wouldn't find anything in it. Mr. Veale hurried back to his store and found the envelope full of tissue paper. He was very much disgusted but says nobody will ever work him that way again. The game is the same as was attempted on Walter Hutchins some time ago but Mr. Veale probably had forgotten about that case. The local papers wrote up the Hutchins affair fully. It was the same game that caught Veale, but failed in the Hutchins case.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. J. W. Haworth is visiting friends in Chicago.

Will and James Roberts left today for Peoria, Ill.

Mrs. W. E. Kimber is visiting friends in St. Louis.

E. J. Bevans and wife left today for Beatrice, Neb.

Mrs. and Mrs. J. B. Barnes left today for Wellington, Kan.

C. M. Atterbury and wife are in Litchfield visiting friends.

Mrs. John Perl is seriously ill at her home on West Wood street.

Deputy Sheriff Sam Holmes was in Blue Mound this morning on business.

James Millikin and E. S. McDonald returned home last night from Chicago.

Mrs. D. A. Barrackman, who has been visiting in Indianapolis, has arrived home.

W. R. Scruggs and family left today for Forest Lawn, N. Y., where they will stay all summer.

Miss Fannie Fisher, who has been in the city visiting Miss Della Owens, has returned to her home in Litchfield.

R. E. Pratt arrived in the city this afternoon from Chicago to attend the banquet of the Illinois Grain Dealers' association. He will leave for St. Louis in the morning.

J. A. Peers, teacher at the high school, has left for his home in Flat Rock, Mich., where he will pass the summer. He will take a post graduate course at Harvard college next year.

Rev. F. C. Oberly, M. L. Deek and Misses Minnie Myers and Lulu Deek went to Springfield today to attend the convention of the Lutheran league which will be held in that city.

Among those who were in the city to attend the funeral of the late Horace Morgan were Will S. Southwick, of Springfield; H. C. Ballou and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur E. Case, of Chicago; G. A. Taylor and wife, of Lexington, Mo.; Charles Packard and Charles Morgan, of Litchfield.

Lawn and House Social.
The members of the Westminster Guild of the Westminster chapel gave a very entertaining and profitable social last evening at the home of Captain W. J. Brown, 619 South Main street. The grounds were brightly illuminated by Japanese lanterns and a very artistic musical program was rendered and received with enthusiastic approval. Delicious refreshments were served. The proceeds will be used to repair the furnace at the chapel.

CITY BUSINESS.

Transactions at the Council Meeting Held Last Evening.

THE SALVATION ARMY MATTER

Was Not Brought Up as was Expected—Aldermen Differ as to Whether the City or Property Owners Should Pay for Paving Street Intersections.

It was expected that the Salvation Army matter would be discussed at the city council meeting last night but nothing of the kind was done. One member of the Army, Attorney Corley and the committee appointed by the citizens at the meeting held recently, were all present but did not bring up the matter. Mr. Corley said after the meeting that the affair was in charge of Attorney Hutchinson and the supposition was that Judge Vail was to address the council but neither of these gentlemen was present.

The aldermen did a good deal of talking during the meeting and there was considerable discussion about the sidewalk fund and the paving of the streets.

The following shows the business transacted:

Petitions.
J. H. Wyckoff, a manufacturer of floor bin and silos, submitted a petition in which he said that he expected to come to Decatur and asked that he be not charged a license to sell his products in the city. There was some little discussion on the disposition of the matter. A vote to lay on the table resulted in 5 ayes and 8 nays. The motion to grant the petition was carried 7 to 6.

John R. Dougherty asked for a rebate on his liquor license as he expected to close his saloon.

Joseph A. Taylor asked to be allowed to sell cement on the street in front of Peddycord & Burrows' bank. Granted.

J. Millikin and others asked that W. H. Horton, the night watchman, be given police authority. Granted.

Dan Higgins asked that his license to sell liquor at 118 North Water street be transferred to Andy Smith. Granted.

Reports.
The report of City Marshal Mason was read and approved. It showed a total of 61 arrests during the month.

The report of the police justices were referred to the city attorney.

Committee Reports.
The water and light committee reported that William Bold be refunded a fine of \$10 assessed against him for violation of water service, also to refund the fine of Dr. J. H. Eddy. Adopted.

The water and light committee recommended that a watering trough be put at the corner of Oakland and St. Louis avenue, according to the petition of a number of citizens. Adopted.

It was decided that the city clerk be instructed to advertise for bids for thirty-five or more lamps according to the report of the water and light committee.

The water and light committee recommended that the pumping machinery at the water works be tested under the direction of Alderman Bold. Adopted.

The water and light committee recommended that the city clerk advertise for bids on 7,300 feet of 6-inch and 300 of 4-inch water pipe and necessary special fittings, hydrants and leads. Adopted.

Bonds Approved.
The bonds of H. A. Kosloski and C. E. Clements, the two new additions to the city police force, were approved by the council.

Water Street Curbing.
The ordinance providing for curb stone on North Water street from William to Herkimer street was read for the first time and referred to the public improvement committee.

Resolutions.
That from this date the day laborers on city works be paid \$1.50 for ten hours work and teams and drivers be paid \$3 for ten hours work and that the street superintendent be instructed to increase the number of laborers and teams to cover amounts saved by the reduction, so as to give more needy laborers a chance to work. Laid on the table.

That the street superintendent be instructed to round the four corners at the intersection of Webster and Lawrence streets. Referred to public improvement committee.

That the inlet to the main sewer on William street just west of Church street be so enlarged that the same will carry off the water from the street without flooding private property. Referred to public improvement committee.

That the sewer inspector be instructed to put in a trap at the intersection of East North and Illinois streets. Referred to public improvement committee.

That a trap be placed at the corner of Jasper and East North streets into the Jasper street sewer. Referred to the public improvement committee.

That a five-foot sidewalk be laid on the south side of Packard street from Water to College streets. Referred to the sidewalk and crossing committee.

That a five-foot sidewalk be laid on the north side of Whitmer street from Webster to Peake streets. The resolution was referred to the sidewalk and crossing committee. Alderman Thayer moved that the funds of the sidewalk and crossing committee be divided between the different wards. Hawkins made an amendment that the funds be used as they were needed. This was lost and the original motion carried.

That the city attorney be instructed to prepare an ordinance for the paving of West Eldorado street from the west line of the Wabash tracks west to Fairview park, 40 feet wide. The city to pay for the intersections. Alderman Thayer didn't like the idea of the city paying for the intersections. A motion to lay on the table was lost and an amendment was offered that the property owners pay for the intersection paving. The resolution was adopted with the amendment.

A resolution for the paving of North Main street from the north line of the Wabash to the city limits was also adopted with an amendment that the property owners pay for the paving of the intersections. Alderman Mathies moved that East North street from Morgan street to the city limits be paved. A motion by Johnson to lay on the table was lost by a vote of 7 to 6 and the motion to adopt was also lost by a vote of 7 to 6.

Securing Rights of Way.
Before the council adjourned Alderman DeWitt asked the city attorney to tell what progress he was making in securing the right of way for the west end sewer. Mr. Lee said that he had gotten the right of way from all the property owners except some who lived out of town and had not been heard from.

Judge Vail Did Not Talk to the Council.
The failure of Judge Vail to address the members of the city council last night concerning the Salvation Army people and their privileges as to holding meetings on the streets was due to a misunderstanding in which Attorney Hutchinson, Marshal Mason and the judge were principals. Judge Vail clearly understood that he was to have his say to the aldermen. He came into the council room before the meeting was called to order and after a talk with the mayor and the marshal he went up to his room to write a letter, the marshal getting the impression from a remark that he dropped that he would come down as soon as Attorney Hutchinson came in. The marshal was to send him word when Hutchinson appeared. It was the general understanding that Mr. Hutchinson was to first address the council as to the wishes of the army people. The marshal and the mayor fully expected Mr. Hutchinson to appear but he did not. Finally the council adjourned without any reference at all to the Salvation affair. In the lobby of the council were Attorney Corley, Dr. Jones and several of the Salvation Army people. All were expecting that Mr. Hutchinson would address the council first. None could tell why it was that Mr. H. was not present. And so the meeting passed without any attempt at adjustment of the trouble.

It is not known what Judge Vail would have recommended, but there are those not disposed to take sides in the matter who say that the business men have rights that should be respected, and that if the Salvationists insist on holding street meetings and stopping at such points where they can reach the people for collections they should first obtain the consent of the owners of buildings and the occupants to stop in front of such place, and then change the points of stopping as frequently as possible so that no one merchant may be injured or annoyed by the noise and the crowds which collect.

Auction of Bicycles Thursday evening. Dodd & Co.

POLICE COURT NEWS

The Patrol Wagon and the Officers were Busy Last Night Bringing in Local Offenders.

The note book of the night clerk at police headquarters shows that the officers were kept going pretty lively last night.

Officer Holser reported that he had seen three strange men in the vicinity of Jasper street with several valises and that the men appeared to be peddlers of low eury. The strangers have disappeared from view. They cannot be found. There is a suspicion that the parties were peddlers.

Several lewd women were run in last night, and the patrol wagon was brought into use to expedite business. The parties now in custody are Edna Andrews, Emma West, who were picked up on the levee; also Nell Clark, who the police say was to be married today, and Hattie Adams. All were in jail this forenoon.

William Whittington, who was arrested last night for being caught in the Nell Clark place, gave bond for his appearance. Big Dalry also put up a cash bond and secured her liberty.

James Canfield, an ex-convict, was arrested and locked up by Officer Brockway.

Base Ball.

On Thursday next the Blackburn Tri-unity club team, Carlinville, will play the Decatur club at the ball park. The game will be called at 3:30 p. m.

VOL. XXIV. NO. 71.

DEMOCRACY'S DAY.

Conventions in New York, Indiana, Texas and Ohio.

IN FAVOR OF SAYING THE COUNTRY.

Some Propose to Save It By Sound Money, Others By Free Silver—Hill and Whitney Delegates.

Saratoga, N. Y., June 24.—While the number of the people in attendance on the Democratic state convention is smaller than usual there has been in the past few hours marked awakening of interest in the outcome. This is due to the aggressiveness of the free silver wing who have entered on an agitation which promises to try the resources of such experienced political leaders as Hill and Whitney. They have refused to fight out the currency issue in the platform committee and have declared they would make themselves heard in the convention if an anti silver plank is presented. Some, however, are disposed to accept Whitney's proposition for a declaration in favor of bimetalism by an international agreement the existing system to be maintained in the meantime.

Before the time for assembling the convention it was given out that Senator Hill would be permanent chairman. The convention was called to order by Chairman Hinkley, who introduced John Boyd Thatcher, of Albany, as temporary chairman. He delivered a conciliatory speech saying the free silver men were not enemies but friends in error who must be convinced of their mistake. In a roll call of delegates the names of Whitney and Hill were greeted with protracted cheers. After the appointment of committees the convention took a recess.

The temporary chairman, John Boyd Thatcher, in the course of his speech assuming the gavel, said: "Facing Chicago we confess the situation is not without perplexities. Circumstances have arisen, some of which perhaps might have been controlled have created what we believe to be an erroneous financial faith—a faith which has spread alarmingly in the west and south, and which has found adherents even in the east and north. It is a faith not to be eradicated with sword but with pen and tongue. With many it is a panacea for commercial disorders. Men hold these false views through a misconception of economic truths and through not understanding the economic law or times and seasons and their application. The stamp of the government on a piece silver coin never makes it worth much more than the world is willing to give for it. If we are to accomplish our missions at Chicago we must go there to persuade our erring brothers, not to quarrel with them as with enemies. The people who hold these strange views are honest but mistaken. We must make them see we are as honest as they and our views are right. At this late day the task seems a little but it is not hopeless."

The speaker plead for an unequivocal financial plank, and added: "The people have not forgotten the silver purchase law work of the Republican congress and a Republican president. Nor have the people forgotten that the repeal of that law was the work of a Democratic congress and a Democratic president."

THE OHIO DEMOCRATS.

Columbus, Ohio, June 24.—The Democratic state convention met here this morning. Previous to convening the committee on resolutions worked on the phraseology of their resolutions. The only thing in the platform resolution on silver is the attachment for the unit rule on the silver question in Chicago. Silver is also dominating all other committees and preliminary meetings. The state central committee was reorganized with W. W. Durbin of Kenton, a radical free silver man, as chairman. This and other committees stood 3 to 1 for free silver. The temporary and permanent chairman and all officers of the convention are radical silver men. Col. W. A. Taylor, temporary chairman, delivered a strong free silver speech.

Hon. W. A. Taylor delivered a long address devoted entirely to the silver question. He gave a history of the unsuccessful efforts for free silver at the former Democratic state convention at Ohio, and reviewed the contest of the past few weeks in the state and declared there was only one great issue before the American people, that was the issue between the people and the allied money power of the world. He added: "Whether the metallic basis of our currency shall be so compromised and concentrated that it may be held by a few to the detriment, debasement and enslavement of the many, or whether the

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE